





Rear Admiral Jonathan W. Bailey, Director, NOAA Corps and Office of Marine and Aviation Operations

Agenda

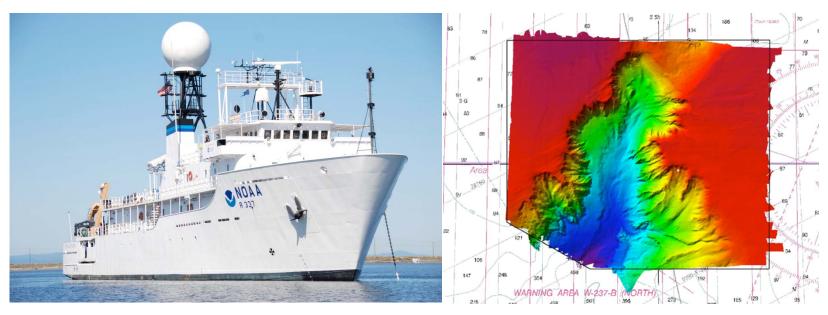
- > FY 2009 NOAA Ship & Aircraft Operations
- NOAA Ships & Aircraft Recapitalization
- Okeanos Explorer Update
- > NOAA Survey Vessel (NSV) Study Update
- > Retention, Crew Rest & Fleet Inspection

- ➤ Fleet of 19 NOAA vessels plan to complete ~3,300 daysat-sea (DAS) and ~3,800 operating days (ODs).
- ➤ NOAA plans to charter ~3,100 ODs.
- ➤ Fleet of 12 NOAA aircraft plan to complete ~4900 flight hours.

NOAA Ship & Aircraft Recapitalization

- Recapitalization status of NOAA ships:
 - > VT Halter anticipates delivery of the following vessels to NOAA
 - ➤ Pisces (FSV 3) July 2009
 - ➤ Bell M. Shimada (FSV 4) August 2009
 - > Ferdinand R. Hassler December 2009
 - > FSV 5 preliminary design moving forward
 - > FSV 6 requirements being finalized in anticipation of funding
- Recapitalization status of NOAA aircraft
 - KingAir Damage Assessment aircraft departed Beechcraft and going through modifications at AvCon
- Modifications to current NOAA aircraft
 - Completed Cone housing modifications for the Tail Doppler Radar on the Gulfstream IV – Tail Doppler Radar operational Summer 2009

- ➤ Apr-May 2009 Conduct ROV Testing / Shakedown
- Jun-Nov 2009 Field trials in the Pacific Ocean (West Coast & Hawaiian Islands)



Anchored in Port Angeles, WA, during Shakedown

First Exploration Survey, Juan De Fuca Canyon

NOAA Survey Vessel (NSV) Study

- ▶ P.L. 110-161 "Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2008" required NOAA to evaluate "the design and operations of future research vessels in the form of a NOAA Survey Vessel for multi-mission operations, to maximize on-site activities and modularize for versatile platform availability".
 - ➤ The NOAA Ship Recapitalization Plan envisioned a single NSV hull form configured to support multiple missions
 - Multi-mission ship is defined broadly as a ship with the ability to routinely conduct a wide range of cross-Goal mission activities
 - Draft NSV Study Report currently under NOAA review
 - > Report due to Congress June 29, 2009
 - NSV Report recommends the following:
 - Focus solely on the Shallow-Draft Variant, which appears capable of satisfying the majority of mission activity requirements
 - ~ "Croon Shin" initiatives will be incorporated into the NSV acquisition process

Retention, Crew Rest & Fleet Inspection

7

Retention Studies

- ➤ Reviewing of last three recruitment and retention studies done in 2000, 2001 and 2004 reveals two common themes
 - ➤ Need to develop temporary duties ashore for Wage Mariners while on sea/shore rotation
 - ➤ Look into the implementation of a new pay system for Wage Mariners (e.g., step increases similar to GS or a reasonable bonus pay out plan that is tied to performance not time at sea)

Specific Challenges

- Wage Mariners are not authorized for shore assignments as reflected in their job descriptions
- > Paid based on 56 hour work week and tied to work aboard ocean-going vessels

Crew Rest

- ➤ In general, sailing duration equaling or exceeding 14 consecutive DAS will require a minimum of two full days inport
 - > Reduce fatigue and increase safety
- Need to emphasize importance of practical implementation

Retention, Crew Rest & Fleet Inspection

- > Fleet Inspection
 - > Annual 14 day period (consecutive, if possible)
 - ➤ Identify all deficiencies and remedy all Category I and address Category II and III deficiencies during the inspection period