

Outline

- Overview of the World Insurance Market
- Noteworthy Policy Changes
- Relevant Vessel Casualties
- Legal Cases and News
- Relevant Scientific Developments for R/V
- Conclusions

Overview of the World Insurance Market

Global Marine Insurance Report 2010

Astrid Seltmann

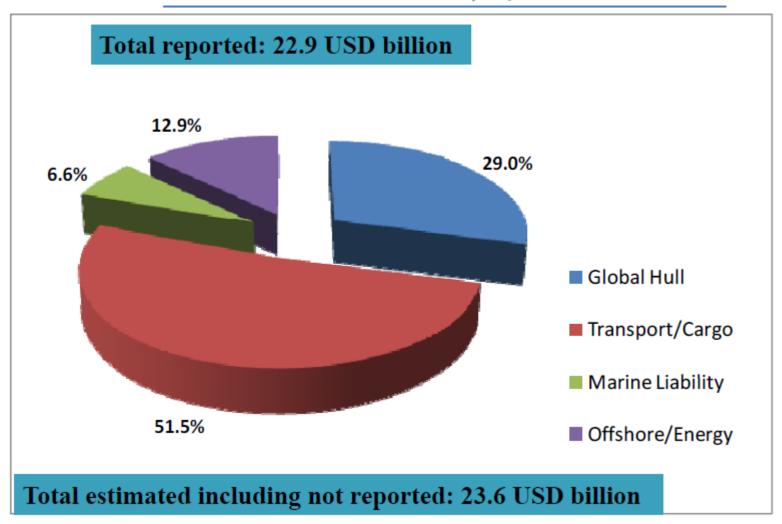
Facts and Figures Committee, Vice Chairman



Analyst/Actuary @ Cefor, The Nordic Association of Marine Insurers

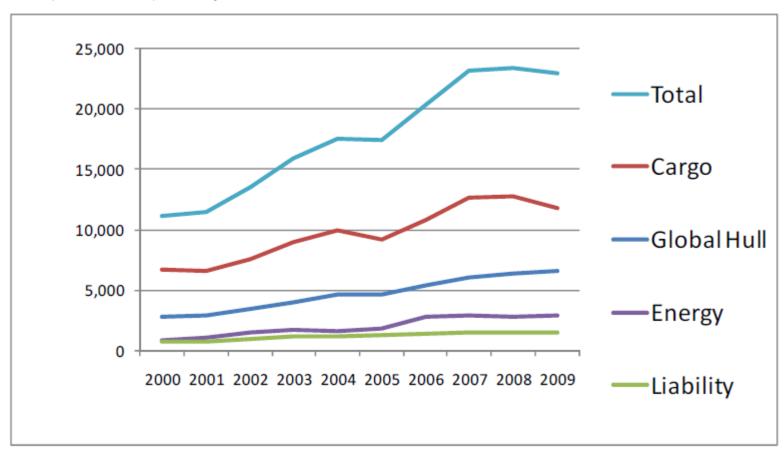
12 TO 15 SEPTEMBER

Global Marine Premium 2009, by line of business



Global Marine Premiums

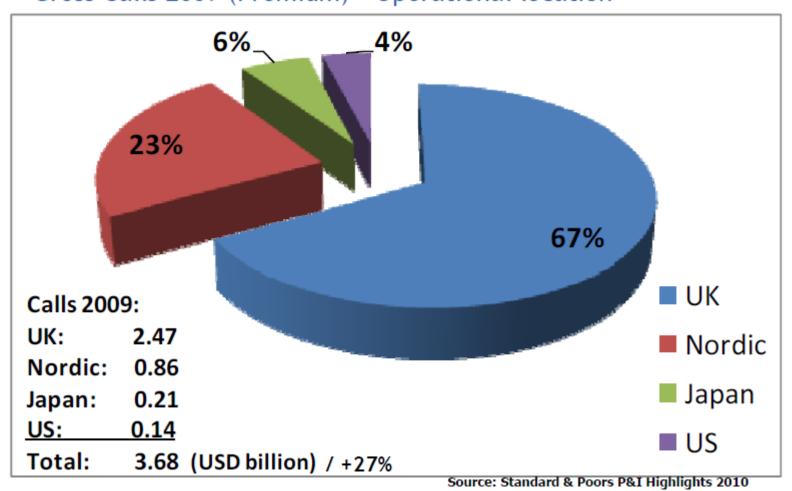
by line of business, 2000 - 2009 (USD Million), as reported



MARINE MUTUAL MARKET

P&I Clubs International Group

Gross Calls 2009 (Premium) - Operational location



MARINE MUTUAL MARKET

Gross Calls (Premium) - Operational location

Per accounting year - USD 1000

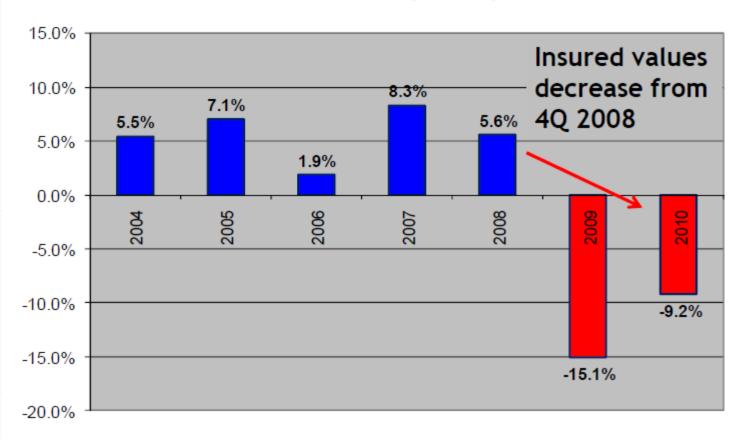
							US\$000's	
							Average Annual	
						Difference	variation over period	Ranking
Operational	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	09-05	05-09	2009
UK	2,467,608	1,793,071	1,771,700	1,614,769	1,562,123	905,485	11.59%	1
Nordic	862,665	741,123	523,652	561,935	542,986	319,679	11.77%	2
Japan	206,810	231,015	165,019	135,362	136,432	70,378	10.32%	3
US	144,726	144,239	163,793	162,257	139,602	5,124	0.73%	4
Total	3,681,809	2,909,448	2,624,164	2,474,323	2,381,143	1,300,666	10.92%	



Source: Standard & Poors P&I Highlights 2010 11

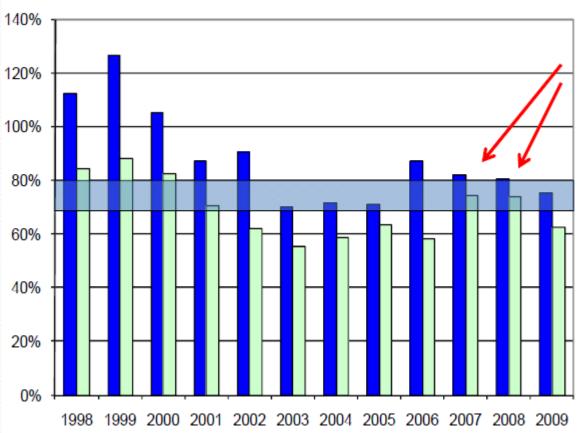
Change in insured values on renewed vessels, by year of renewal

(= insured value on renewal / insured value previous year)



Source: Cefor, The Nordic Association of Marine Insurers, figures as of 30. June 2010

Marine Hull and Cargo/Transport Gross* Ultimate Loss Ratio, U/W Years 1998 to 2009



2007 / 2008:

Changing frame and market conditions provoke increase in claims reserves for both cargo and hull.

2009: signs of improvement, but uncertainty as to effect of unstable environment on ultimate results.

^{*} Technical break even: gross loss ratio does not exceed 100% minus the expense ratio (usually 20%-30% acquisition cost, capital cost, management expenses)

Insurance News

- Excess capacity
 - Too many insurers, too few ships
 - Ships that are poor risks aren't paying correspondingly high premiums
- Future changes to the market
 - Bigger vessels
 - What's the "right" premium?
 - How would the industry deal with a loss?

Insurance News Continued

- Japan
 - Contamination from nuclear fallout excluded from P&I and hull policies
 - Other implications of tsunami
- Unrest in the Middle East

Noteworthy Policy Changes

Changes to the STCW

- Revised requirements on hours of work and rest and new requirements for the prevention of drug and alcohol abuse, as well as updated standards relating to medical fitness standards for seafarers;
 - All persons whose duties involve designated safety, pollution prevention, and securities duties as well as officers-in-charge of a watch shall be provided with a rest period of not less than:
 - A minimum of ten hours of rest in any 24 hour period and
 - 77 hours for any seven day period. Some exceptions may be made
 - Some exceptions allowed with a specified rest schedule
 - New software available to monitor

Coast Guard Rules- NVIC

- Provides guidance for evaluating the physical and medical conditions of applicants for merchant mariner's documents, licenses, certificates of registry and STCW endorsements.
- Lists 201 medical conditions that can cause a delay or denial of a certification
- Physical agility standards
 - Based on BMI, may be asked to drag a 50 ft fire hose, or lift and carry a 40 lb weight
- Review/approval by medical evaluators at the National Maritime center is required

NVIC continued

- Creates more consistency, eliminating past ambiguities and inconsistencies
- Went into effect in 2008
- What experiences have you had with these guidelines?

Future Policy Changes?

- IMO debate over lifeboat hooks
 - Necessity of new standards
 - Timetable for replacing hooks that don't meet standards
 - Broad consensus that on-load release hooks have failed
 - Subject was discussed in February by an IMO subcommittee, but no agreement was reached
- Mariner medical issues
 - Congress has asked the Merchant Mariner Medical Advisory Committee to look into the issue of medical evaluation for merchant mariners



US Oil Pollution Act 1990

- Proposals for revision in the wake of "Deepwater Horizon"
- Draft legislation pending H.R. 3534 and Senate Reid Bill
- Main focus on liability provisions for offshore facilities but possible impact for some maritime transportation sectors
- "Knock-on" impact on other legislation-DOHSA/Jones Act / Limitation of Liability Act 1851

12 TO 15 SEPTEMBER

Relevant Vessel Casualties



LESSONS FROM MARINE ACCIDENT INVESTIGATIONS

STEVE CLINCH
CHIEF INSPECTOR
MARINE ACCIDENT
INVESTIGATION BRANCH



"When anyone asks me how I can best describe my experience of nearly forty years at sea, I merely say uneventful.

Of course there have been winter gales and storms and fog and the like, but in all my experience, I have never been in an accident of any sort worth speaking about.

I have seen but one vessel in distress in all my years at sea... I never saw a wreck and have never been wrecked, nor was I ever in any predicament that threatened to end in disaster of any sort."

from a paper presented by E J Smith 1907

The Greatest Risk Is..

TO 15 SEPTEMBER

...Complacency

On April 14th 1912, RMS Titanic sank with the loss of 1,500 lives...

One of which was its Captain...

E J Smith

RISK THINKING

miss the icebergs...not the opportunities

EMSA Study

- A study by the European Maritime Safety Agency suggests that there is a clear link between the economy and accidents at sea.
- Can an economic recession be good for safety at sea?
- Future outlooks?

What Causes Casualties?

- Mooring dangers
 - UK P&I Club highlights dangers of using untrained or poorly supervised crews
- International Safety Management Code implementation failures
 - Standard P&I Club says internal audits ineffective, masters' reviews ineffective.
 - Due to poor understanding and staff training?

What Causes Casualties?

- Misuse of ECDIS
 - Container ship ran aground after failing to adjust the contrast on monitor
- Failure to adequately assess risk
 - Crew member on the Cape Darnley died after an explosion that occurred when he was trying to cut the top off of a steel drum filled with oily waste water

Duck Boat

- 250- foot-long empty sludge barge *The Resource* collided with the anchored amphibious small passenger vehicle the *DUKW 34* in the Delaware River, near Philadelphia.
- Two passengers on the Duck Boat died.



Duck Boat Continued

 Records imply that the mate of the larger ship was on his cell phone at the time of the collision



Cabo de Hornos

- RV was being built in Chile
- Feb. 27, 2010 Large earthquake caused an accidental premature launch
- Tsunami pushed the ship back onto land
- Successfully refloated in January



Cabo de Hornos

- Mammoet
 Salvage drove
 the vessel
 onto a flattop
 deck barge
 with Self
 Propelled
 Modular
 Trailers.
- Barge submerged in dry-dock and the vessel was floated off



Legal Cases and News

M/V Louisa

- Arrested for violating laws and regulations in Spain's EEZ in 2006
- Ship remains in port, held without bond
- Case before the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, brought by flag state
- Issue of prompt release

USNS Impeccable

- Incident in Chinese EEZ
- 5 Chinese ships harassed the USNS Impeccable
- What are the boundary lines for scientific research under the Law of the Seas?



China and Philippines Conflict

- Incident off Reed Bank islets, in the South China Sea east of the Spratly Islands
- Several claims of ownership of the area
- Two Chinese patrol boats threatened to ram a Philippine Dept. of Energy Vessel, the M/V Venture
- The Philippines filed a diplomatic protest
- Implications?

Orient Explorer

- Singapore-based oil survey ship conducting as seismic study off of New Zealand's East Cape
- Searching for liquefied natural gas
- New Zealand government has sent out the air force and navy in order to deal with environmental protestors from Greenpeace and a local NGO
- Activists have been swimming in front of the vessel, forcing the Orient Explorer to stop its research

RV Polarstern

- Seismic research in Baffin Bay
- Inuit complaints injury to whales?



R/V Gould

- Knowingly discharged oily wastewater from the bilge tank overboard, violating the Act to Prevent Pollution from Ships
- Pleaded guilty. Criminal fine of \$1.75 million, \$350,000 as community service to the National Marine Sanctuary Foundation.
- The Chief Engineer on the ship was sentenced to two years probation and a criminal fine of \$5,000 after being found guilty of falsifying records.

Koo's Shipping Company

- Taiwanese shipping company convicted for dumping oily waste into waters of American Samoa
- Pleaded guilty in federal court to charges of making false statements, misreporting in oil record book, and knowingly discharging oily bilge waste
- Sentenced to pay \$750,000 in criminal fines and \$250,000 towards community service projects in American Samoa

Stacy v. Rederiet Otto Danielsen

- Eva Danielson collided with a fishing vessel, killing its captain
- US Appeals Court ruled that the captain of a nearby fishing boat can sue for compensation for emotional distress, even though he was not directly involved in the collision
- Court used the "zone of danger" test. Plaintiff must prove:
 - that he or she witnessed the peril or harm to another;
 - that he or she was threatened with physical harm due to the negligence of the defendant.
- Loose interpretation. What does it mean?

Juliussen v Buchanan Marine

- Plaintiff filed under the Jones Act after falling and injuring his knee. Negligence, unseaworthiness.
- Previous concern that Buchanan Marine's vessels were unseaworthy: Plaintiff had fallen down the stairs of nearly every Buchanan ship he had worked on
- Poor lighting, worn condition of the diamond treads
- As an officer of the vessel, should Juliussen have mentioned the condition?
 - Primary duty doctrine
- Court denied Buchanan's motion for summary judgment

Clark v. Kellogg Brown & Root

- Plaintiff filed suit under the Jones Act, claiming that he developed acute myelogenous leukemia (AML) after being exposed to benzene on the job
- Lower court found that AML was most likely caused by benzene in this case, and found KBR liable- Circuit court agreed
- District court is not required to make a finding that the plaintiff's injuries were proximately caused by defendant's negligence.
- Witnesses testified to the toxic levels of benzene exposure

Lopez v. Pacific Maritime Assoc.

- Plaintiff applied to be a longshoreman under the employment of the defendant company, but failed a drug test and was not hired. Company has a "one strike" policy
- He applied again after getting clean, but his application was rejected
- Plaintiff sued under ADA and FEHA, arguing that he was discriminated against on the basis of his protected status as a rehabilitated drug addict
- Rules may be unreasonable considering the fact that rehabilitation is possible, but the court held that the ADA and the FEHA were not violated

Doyle v. Graske

- Plaintiff suffered injuries while he was a passenger on a boat owned and operated by Graske.
- Doyle, Graske and another man went fishing in Graske's inflatable boat. Nylock nut came lose, causing the steering system to malfunction
- Doyle was thrown overboard, then hit by the boat
- Negligence on the part of the boat owner? Do Doyle and his wife deserve compensation?
- Court says the Plaintiff does. Wife does not receive loss of consortium damages

Rolls Royce and Carnival

- Rolls Royce marketed its Mermaid pod propulsion system to Carnival for operation on the Queen Mary II.
- Jury found that at the time the system was presented to Carnival, Rolls Royce knew that it was defective
- Rolls Royce refused to pay for any of the replacement costs and made money off of the repairs
- Rolls Royce found guilty of fraud

Reino de Espana v. The American Bureau of Shipping

- M.T. Prestige, an oil tanker, sank off the coast of Spain in 2002, spilling millions of gallons of oil into Spain's territorial waters
- Spain seeks compensatory damages in excess of \$1 billion as well as punitive damages
- US company operating on a Bahamian-flagged vessel
- Court determined that the law of the US governs the resolution of Spain's claims and that, under US law, ABS was entitled to judgment.
- In this case, company connections to the US were stronger than those with the ship's flag state

Pacific Merchant Shipping Assoc. v. Goldstene

- Plaintiff challenged state regulations requiring seagoing vessels operating within 24 miles of the state's coast use cleaner marine fuels.
- Plaintiff claims that the regulations were preempted by the Submerged Lands Act which provided for a 3 mile offshore limit to the state's coastal boundary
- Court held that the plaintiff failed to show that the state lacked authority to implement the regulations.
 - Given the state's police power, the SLA did not preempt the state from making these regulations

Scientific Developments

Floating Nuclear Power Stations

- Russia launched the first this past summer
- First of seven ordered
- Units reported to be destined for the Russian Arctic to be used for ships undertaking raw mineral extraction
- Also capable of desalination



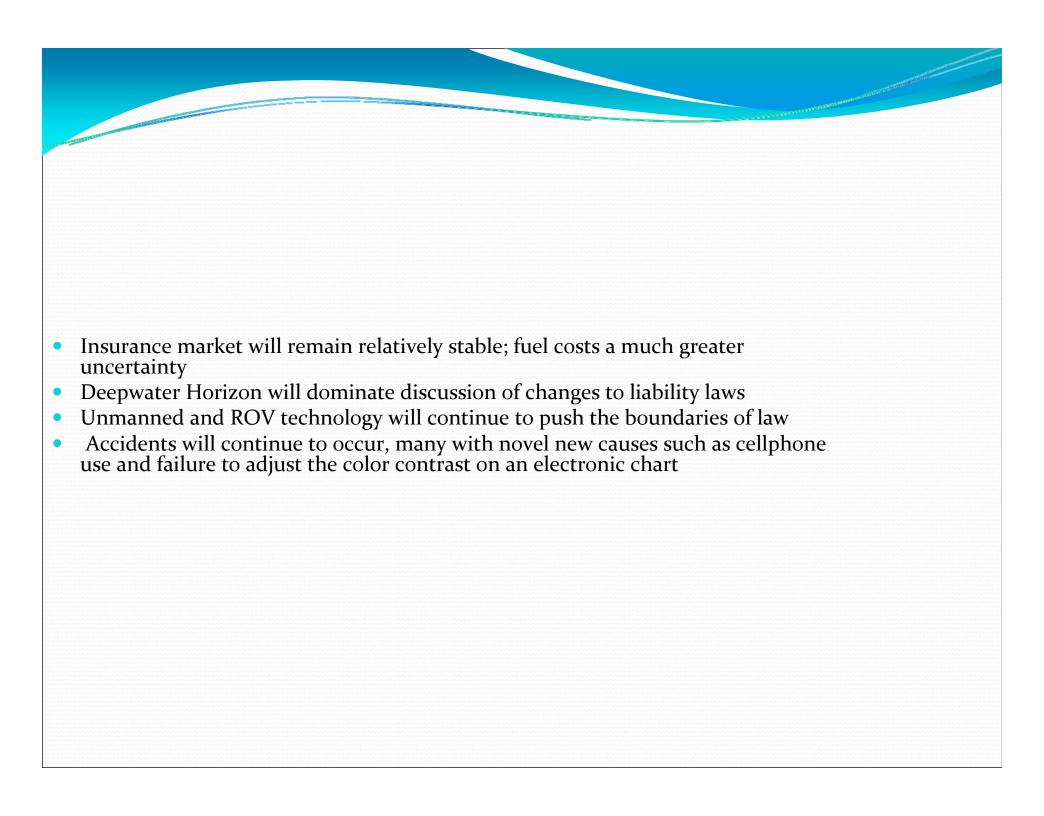
Unmanned Naval Systems

- Cross application between research and naval defense
- Law of the Sea developed before these systems existedhow will they fit into our political/legal structure?
- Can they be considered "ships", "submarines", or "aircraft"?
- Look to multilateral treaties
 - The London Dumping Convention defines a "vessel" as a "waterborne or airborne craft of any type whatsoever...selfpropelled or not"
 - COLREGs definition "every description of watercraft, including non-displacement craft, wing-in-ground craft, and seaplanes, used or capable of being used as a means of transportation on water"

Unmanned Naval Systems

- Should these systems enjoy the right of innocent passage in territorial seas/transit passage as specified under UNCLOS?
- Beyond the territorial sea, these craft have high seas freedoms of navigation and overflight, with "due regard" for the rights of other nations when in an EEZ. China?
- Floats and gliders are controlled by current. Soft law regulations now.
- Can use marine scientific research provisions under UNCLOS in territorial sea and EEZ, but is a new regime needed?

Conclusions



Questions?